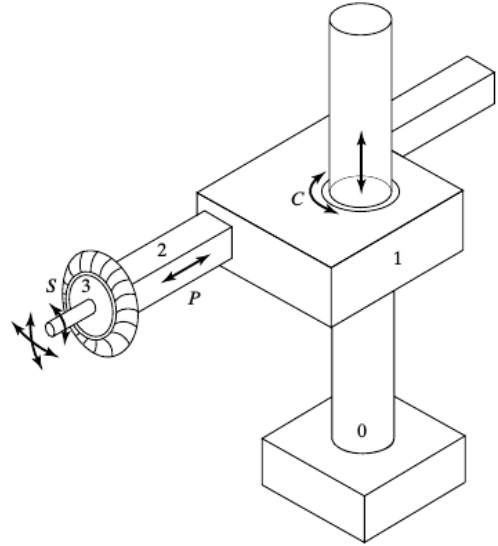


ME 380

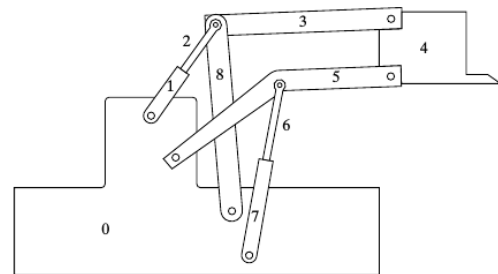
Kinematics and Machine Dynamics

Midterm

1. [25 points] This question is concerned with finding the degrees of freedom of linkages.
- (a) [10 points] Find the number of degrees of freedom for the spatial linkage below. This open-loop kinematic chain includes cylindrical, prismatic, and spherical joints.



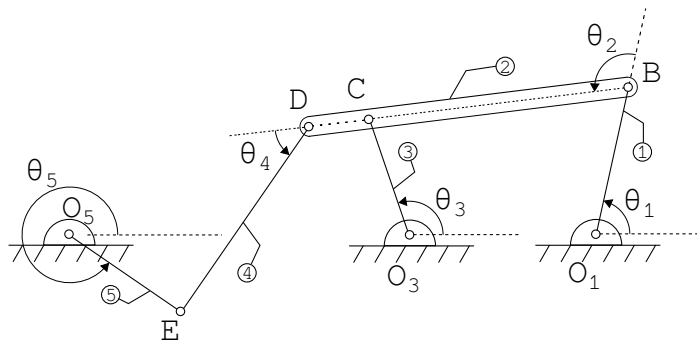
- (b) [10 points] The linkage depicted below is a schematic representation of a piece of construction machinery. It has two hydraulic cylinders (links 1 and 2, and links 6 and 7), which may be considered cylindrical pairs. The other pairs are revolute joints. Find the number of degrees of freedom if this linkage is treated as a planar linkage.



- (c) [5 points] Indicate the conditions that must be met for the planar linkage assumption to be valid in part (b).

3. [40 points] Consider the double four-bar mechanism shown in the figure below. Excluding the fixed link, it consists of 5 links, all connected together with revolute joints.

Quantity	Endpoints	Length [in]
l_0	$ O_3O_1 $	1
l'_0	$ O_5O_3 $	4
l_1	$ O_1B $	3
l_2	$ BC $	2.25
l'_2	$ BD -l_2$	1
l_3	$ O_3C $	2
l_4	$ DE $	2.75
l_5	$ O_5E $	1



- (a) [8 points] Derive the position-level loop equation for this mechanism.
- (b) [16 points] Use vector cross product method to solve for the position-level kinematics at an instant when $\theta_1 = \frac{5\pi}{12}$ rad (solve for θ_2 , θ_3 , θ_4 , and θ_5).
- (c) [16 points] At this instant, if ${}^0\omega^1 = 10\hat{e}_3 \frac{\text{rad}}{\text{s}}$, what is ${}^0\omega^5$?

4. [15 points (bonus)] Consider the planar two-link manipulator depicted in Figure 2. Suppose that the length l_1 of link 1 is unity.

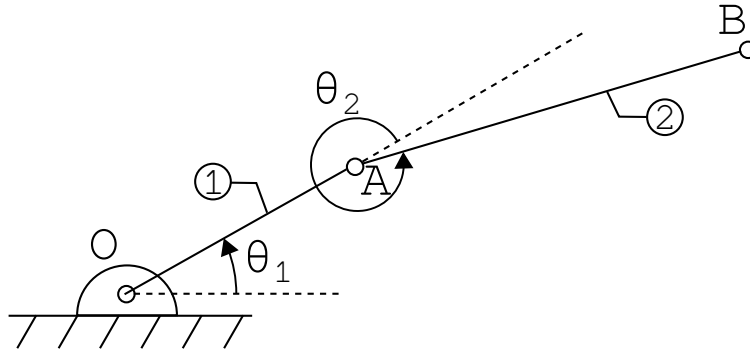


Figure 2: Planar two-link manipulator

A point Q moves from A towards B along link 2 with a constant rate $1 \frac{m}{s}$ while link 1 rotates from $\theta_1(0) = \frac{\pi}{6}$ to $\theta_1(3) = \frac{2\pi}{3}$ at a constant rate in 3 seconds. During this time, link 2 rotates from $\theta_2(0) = -\frac{\pi}{12}$ to $\theta_2(3) = -\frac{\pi}{3}$ at a constant rate. Find the position of point Q as a function of time, expressed in the world frame. What is its position at $t = 2.5$ seconds?

